2019 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

			ne water syste	iii Name			
		O51000 List PWS ID #s for all Cor		Systems include	d in this CCR		
a Con	nsumer Confidence be mailed or delivest. Make sure vol	ing Water Act (SDWA) require Report (CCR) to its customer ered to the customers, publish a follow the proper procedures R and Certification to the M.	es each Communications each year. Died in a newspa	nity Public Water Depending on the per of local circuing the CCR, Y	er System (PV population so lation, or pro ou must ema	VS) to deve erved by the vided to the	e customers upon
×	Customers were	informed of availability of	CCR by: (Atto	ach copy of pul	blication, wa	ter bill or	other)
		Advertisement in local	paper (Attach	copy of advert	isement)		
		On water bills (Attach	copy of bill)				
		☐ Email message (Email	the message	to the address b	elow)		
		Other posted in	local i	stone			
	Date(s) custo	mers were informed: 7 /1	5 /2020	7 /22 /20	020	/ /2	020
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	Jackson, MS			**Note	preferred m	ethod due	to poor clarity
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2019 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report SUPPLY Duffee Water Association

PWS#: 0510005 July 2020 2028 JUL - 1 AM 7: 39

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Meridian Upper Wilcox Aquifers.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Duffee Water Association have received lower susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Joe Alexander at 601.479.7056. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Thursday of each month at 6:30 PM at the Duffee Water Association office.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2019. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2019, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

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Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

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				TEST R	ESUL1	S		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination

Inorganic	Conta	minants T ₂₀₁₉	.0521	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge
to. Bandin		2013	,0021	No Range	ppm			from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2019	71.8	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2015/17*	.4	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2015/17*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019	11000	No Range	PPB	0	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfecti	on By-	Product	S					
81. HAA5	N	2019	6	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
Chlorine	N	2019	1,1	.9 – 1.7	mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2019.

We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Duffee Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

The second section

0510005

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF NEWTON

Personally came before me the undersigned authority, in and for the County and State aforesaid who being by me duly sworn, states on eath that he is the Publisher of *The Newton County Appeal*, a newspaper published in Newton County, Mississippi. A copy of which is hereto attached, has

Appeal, a newspaper published			py of which is hereto a	Itached, has
been made in said paper			6	. *-:
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2017 ANNUAL DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT DUFFEE WATER ASSOCIATION PWS#:0510005 **JULY 2020**

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13. Chromium	N	2019	71.8	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp milts; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2015/17*	.4	0	ррт	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17, Lead	N	2015/17*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
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Disinfecti	on By-F	roduct	s					
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PROOF OF PUBLICATION

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Appeal, a newspaper published			py of which is hereto at	tached, has
been made in said paper	times consecutivel		-71	
	Vol. No		Date 4/15	,20_20
For: No-	Vol. No. 1(1	No. 38	Date 4/22	,20 <u>20</u>
Duffee Water	Vol. No	No	Date	,20
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2019 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

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Public Water Sys	etem Name	

OS/COOS

List PWS ID #4 for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

iteral Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute amer Canfidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR a matted or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local cheulation, or provided to the customers upon Make sure you fullow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must email, fax that not preferred or easy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply

ustomers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)

R Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)

(In water bills (Anach copy of bill)

Figure increase (Pmail the message to the address below)

X Other posted in local stone

CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery toethods used_____

Date Mailed/Distributed._____/

Date Emailed:____/ t.CR was distributed by Email (Email MSDH a copy) Provide Direct [AL)

Ci Asa ORL _____

As an attachment

□ As test within the body of the email message

CCR was published in local newspaper (Attack copy of published CCR or proof of publication) Name of Newspaper 38 number agreed

CCR was posted in public places, (Attach list of locations)

Date Posted. / __/2020

CR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address:

TIFICATION

by certify that the CCR has been distributed to the consoners of this public water system in the form and manner identified to said that used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and that used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true error and it consistent with the water quality mannioring data provided to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department after the public water supply.

ome Rigidea Office Manager.

Office (deard Freshlan) Stayur, Owner, Admin. Contoct. etc.)

H-6-2020

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Raceau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1780 Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water reports demail ma cov

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800
- Not a preferred method due to poor clarity.

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2020!

MSDH BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY MAXIMUM RESIDUAL DISINFECTANT LEVEL (MRDL) REPORT - 2018

MADE10008 - DUFFEE WATER ASSOCIATION

SINVEGTANT CONORINE (0990) RAA NROLIA DIMOL PAR TYPE: C

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tilighant QTR RAA: 1 10 MD/L (This value should populate the field "Your Water" on your CCR.)

RAA - Remning Aanbal Averege QTS - Querterly AVS - Averege RES - Rasidusi MP - Mastindag Period

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